Platinex Inc.

(A Development Stage Company)
Unaudited Interim Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

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Platinex Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Interim Balance Sheets

	September 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2007 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash (note 5)	$ 128,198	$ 1,704,845
GST receivable	62,590	68,432
Funds held in trust (note 6)	15,607	15,607
Prepaid expenses and deposits	52,953	43,396
	259,348	1,832,280
Property, plant and equipment (note 7)	72,428	8,262
Mineral properties and deferred exploration expenditures (notes 8 &13)	2,213,458	1,260,360
	$ 2,545,234	$ 3,100,902
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 14f)	$ 953,966	$ 605,364
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Capital stock (note 9)	4,657,931	4,646,681
Share purchase warrants (note 10)	1,711,179	1,711,179
Contributed surplus (note 12)	732,027	732,027
Deficit	(5,509,869)	(4,594,349)
	1,591,268	2,495,538
	$ 2,545,234	$ 3,100,902

Contingencies and commitments (note 16)

On behalf of the Board of Directors

"James R. Trusler"

James R Trusler
President and CEO

"John D. Ross"

John D. Ross
Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Platinex Inc.

(A Development Stage Company)

Interim Statements of Operations and Deficit

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	For three months ended September 30		For nine months ended September 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Expenses				
Accounting and legal (note 14)	$ 73,228	$ 16,321	$ 119,864	$ 24,345
Amortization	3,417	812	7,561	1,476
Consultant's fees	10,546	0	41,956	0
Fees, licenses, dues	950	9,415	8,846	18,288
Insurance	3,742	4,783	8,298	11,533
Interest income	(2,014)	(1,969)	(8,195)	(2,608)
Interest expense and bank charges	80	241	603	1,528
Investor relations	7,316	25,281	83,688	39,103
Management fees (note 14)	95,573	59,854	194,768	95,854
Meals and entertainment	1,094	0	2,712	0
Office and general	7,862	4,288	22,089	8,542
Rent and occupancy (note 14)	18,364	1,500	34,099	5,400
Stock based compensation	0	65,200	0	65,200
Subcontract services	109,086	11,633	180,013	33,743
Telephone	3,228	1,220	8,723	2,637
Transfer agent fees	1,249	3,295	6,400	7,657
Travel	1,827	1,784	10,276	1,959
Loss before other items	335,548	203,658	721,701	314,657
Write down of deferred exploration expenditures (note 8)	0	119,937	193,819	592,171
Loss before income taxes	335,548	323,595	915,520	906,828
Future income tax recoverable	0	(481,888)	0	(481,888)
Loss (income) for the period	335,548	(158,293)	915,520	424,940
Deficit, beginning of period	5,174,321	3,916,110	4,594,349	3,332,877
Deficit, end of period	$ 5,509,869	$ 3,757,817	$ 5,509,869	$ 3,751,817
Basic and fully diluted loss (income) per share (note 15)	$ 0.0129	$ (0.0075)	$ 0.0354	$ 0.0248
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	25,891,548	21,186,501	25,874,881	17,151,765

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Platinex Inc.

(A Development Stage Company)

Interim Statement of Cash Flows

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Three Months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2008	**2007**	**2008**	**2007**
Operating activities				
Loss (income) for the period	$ (335,548)	$ 158,293	$ (915,520)	$ (424,940)
Non-cash items				
Amortization	3,417	812	7,561	1,476
Exploration expenses exchanged for shares	0	0	0	50,000
Tax benefit renounced flow through shares	0	(481,888)	0	(481,888)
Stock based compensation	0	65,200	0	65,200
	(332,131)	(257,583)	(907,959)	(790,152)
(Increase) decrease in GST receivable	(8,186)	11,430	5,842	(24,444)
Decrease in funds held in trust	0	(1,000)	0	33,393
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	4,513	(10,525)	(9,557)	(8,875)
Increase in accounts payable liabilities	180,958	(497,675)	348,602	(155,393)
	(154,846)	(755,353)	(563,072)	(945,471)
Investing Activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(12,773)	(519)	(71,727)	(2,200)
Purchase of mineral properties and deferred exploration expenses	(247,373)	0	(941,848)	0
	(260,146)	(519)	(1,013,575)	(2,200)
Financing Activities				
Common shares issued net of financing costs	0	2,840,800	0	2,875,800
Financing cost of share issue	0	(319,106)	0	(319,106)
	0	2,521,694	0	2,556,694
Change in cash	(414,992)	1,765,822	(1,576,647)	1,609,023
Cash, beginning of period	543,190	2,804	1,704,845	159,603
Cash, end of period	$ 128,198	$ 1,768,626	$ 128,198	$ 1,768,626
Supplemental information:				
Common shares issued for services rendered (note 9g)	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 62,720
Common shares issued per option agreement (note 9m and 13)	$ 11,250	$ 0	$ 11,250	$ 0

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Platinex Inc. ("Platinex" or "the Company") was incorporated on August 12, 1998 under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The Company which is a development stage entity as defined by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") *Accounting Guideline 11*, is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of properties for the mining of precious and base metals. The Company is in the process of exploring its resource properties for mineral resources and has not determined whether the properties contain economically recoverable reserves. The recovery of the amounts shown for the mineral properties and the related deferred expenditures is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration, and upon future profitable production.

These interim financial statements are unaudited and have not been reviewed by the Company's auditor. Management has prepared these unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. These statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007. The disclosure in these unaudited financial statements may not conform in all respects to generally accepted accounting principles in Canada for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these unaudited financial statements. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 are not indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2008.

The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of exploration properties and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of Its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations or the ability of the Company to raise additional financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis. Changes in future conditions could require material write downs of the carrying values.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of development of such properties these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, aboriginal claims, and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

These unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those presented in these unaudited interim financial statements.

The company has a need for equity capital and financing for working capital and exploration and development of its properties. Because of continuing operating losses, the company's continuance as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain adequate financing and to reach profitable levels of operation. It is not possible to predict whether financing efforts will be successful or if the Company will attain profitable levels of operations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Company are in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and their basis of application is consistent with that of the previous year. Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Exploration and development properties and deferred expenditures

Exploration and development properties and deferred expenditures are carried at cost until they are brought into production, at which time they are depleted on a unit of production method based on proven and probable reserves. If a property is subsequently determined to be significantly impaired in value, the property and related deferred costs are written down to their net realizable value. Other general exploration expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The cost of exploration and development properties abandoned or sold and their related deferred exploration costs are charged to operations in the current year.

The Company reviews its exploration and development properties to determine if events or changes in circumstances have transpired which indicate that the carrying value of its assets may not be recoverable. The recoverability of costs incurred on the exploration and development properties is dependent upon numerous factors including exploration results, environmental risks, commodity risks, political risks, and the Company's ability to attain profitable production. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the exploration and development properties is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that any change in future conditions in the near term could require a change in the determination of the need for and amount of any write down.

b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost net of any landlord leasehold allowances. Amortization is provided at the following rates:

Computer equipment	30%	declining balance method
Computer software	100%	declining balance method
Furniture and equipment	20%	declining balance method
Leasehold improvements		term of the lease straight line basis

Amortization is provided at one half annual rates in the year of acquisition.

c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are made in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from those estimates

d) Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under this method, future income taxes assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying value of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases (temporary differences), and losses carried forward. Future income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are likely to reverse. The effect on future income tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is included in operations in the period in which the change is substantively enacted. The amount of future income tax assets recognized is limited to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

e) Flow through financing

The Company has financed a portion of its exploration activities through the issue of flow through shares, which transfer the tax deductibility of exploration expenditures to the investor. Proceeds received on the issue of such shares have been credited to capital stock. Resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with income tax legislation. When these expenditures are renounced, temporary taxable differences crated by the renunciation will reduce share capital.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f) Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the weighted number of shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the treasury stock method. In order to determine diluted earnings (loss) per share, the treasury stock method assumes that any proceeds from the exercise of dilutive stock options and warrants would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period, with the incremental number of shares being included in the denominator of the diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation. The diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation, excludes any potential conversions of options and warrants that would increase earnings per share or decrease loss per share.

g) Stock-based compensation

The Company records compensation cost based on the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of the options is recognized over the vesting period as compensation expense and contributed surplus. When options are exercised, the proceeds received, together with any related amount in contributed surplus, will be credited to share capital

h) Asset retirement obligations

The Company will record a liability for the estimated future costs associated with legal obligations relating to the reclamation and closure of its mining properties. This amount is initially recorded at its discounted present value with subsequent annual recognition of an accretion expense on the discounted liability. An equivalent amount is recorded as an increase to interest in mineral properties and amortized over the useful life of the properties. As the Company does not currently have any legal obligations relating to the reclamation of its interest in mineral properties, this standard has had no impact on the accounts of the Company. The Company did not have any asset retirement obligations as at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

i) Accounting changes 2008

On December 1, 2006 the CICA issued three new accounting standards: Handbook Section 1535, *Capital Disclosures,* Handbook Section 3862 *Financial Instruments – Disclosures*, and Handbook Section 3863, *Financial Instruments – Presentation.* These standards are effective for interim and annual financial statements for the Company's reporting period beginning on January 1, 2008.

i) Capital Disclosures

Section 1535 specifies the disclosure of (i) an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital; (ii) quantitative data about what the entity regards as capital; (iii) whether the entity has complied with any capital requirement; and (iv)if it has not complied, the consequences of such non-compliance. The Company has included disclosures recommended by the new Handbook section in note 3 to these interim unaudited financial statements.

ii) Financial Instruments

The new sections 3862 and 3863 replace Handbook Section 3861, *Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation*, revising and enhancing its disclosure requirements, and carrying forward unchanged its presentation requirements. These new sections place increased emphasis on disclosures about the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and how a company manages those risks. The Company has included disclosures recommended by the new Handbook section in note 4 to these interim unaudited financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

j) Future accounting changes

i) General Standards of Financial Statement Presentation

The CICA has amended Section 1400, *General Standards of Financial Statement Presentation*, which is effective for interim periods beginning on or after October 1, 2008, to include requirements to assess and disclose the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this new accounting standard on its financial statements.

ii) International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In January 2006, the CICA Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") adopted a strategic plan for the direction of accounting standards in Canada. As a part of that plan, accounting standards in Canada for public companies are expected to converge with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") by the end of 2011. The Company continues to monitor and assess the impact of convergence of Canadian GAAP and IFRS.

3. Capital Management

The Company manages and adjusts its capital structure based on available funds in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration and development stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out planned exploration and development, and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

4. Financial Risk Factors

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and GST receivable. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash is maintained at a major financial institution. Deposits held with banks may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and are maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and therefore bear minimal risk. Financial instruments include GST receivable tax due from the Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to this financial instrument is minimal.

Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2008, the Company had cash balances of $128,198 (December 31, 2007 - $1,704,845) to settle current liabilities of $953,966 (December 31, 2007 - $605,364). Approximately $463,606 of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. On October 3, 2008, a private placement in the amount of $525,000 was received to ease liquidity needs (note 18).

4. Financial Risk Factors (continued)

Market Risk

a) Interest rate risk
The Company has cash balances subject to fluctuations in the prime rate. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. The Company has no loans and consequently is not required to hedge against interest rate risk.

b) Foreign Currency risk
The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is negligible and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

c) Price Risk
The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

d) Fair values
The estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments has been determined based on the Company's assessment of available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, these estimates may not necessarily be indicative of the amounts that the company could realize in a current market exchange. The Company's cash, funds held in trust and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are considered financial instruments. The estimated fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts because of the limited term of these instruments.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company has designated its cash as held-for-trading, measured at fair value. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost. As at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 the carrying and fair value amounts of the Company's financial instruments are the same.

The Company does not hold significant balances in foreign currencies to give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk.

The Company believes that price risk with respect to commodities is remote since the Company is not a producing entity.

5. Cash

Included in cash as at September 30, 2008 is $116,341 of monies received from the issue of flow-through shares ($1,199,061 - December 31, 2007). The use of these funds is restricted to exploration expenditures.

6. Funds Held in Trust

Funds held in trust represent monies advanced to lawyers.

7. Property, Plant and Equipment

	September 30, 2008 Cost	September 30, 2008 Accumulated Amortization	September 30, 2008 Net	December 31, 2007 Net
Computer hardware	$ 28,852	$ 14,397	$ 14,455	$ 8,079
Computer software	6,350	5,958	392	0
Furniture and equipment	55,306	4,869	50,437	183
Leasehold improvements	7,782	638	7,144	0
	$ 98,290	$ 25,862	$ 72,428	$ 8,262

8. Mineral Properties and Deferred Exploration Expenditures

	Big Trout Lake $	Muskox $	Shining Tree $	North McFaulds Lake $	South McFaulds Lake $	Awkward Lake $	Core Zone $	Norton Lake $	Tib Lake $	Total $
Property acquisition costs:										
Balance at December 31, 2007	725,804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	725,804
Incurred during the year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acquistion costs	725,804	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	725,804
Exploration expenditures:										
Balance at December 31, 2007	478,916	55,640	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	534,556
Assaying and analysis	1,570	0	12,388	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,958
Claim staking	0	0	0	56,408	82,905	9,448	20,265	26,406	13,730	209,162
Consulting	32,255	0	0	2,051	2,051	0	0	0	0	36,357
Core storage and processing	9,412	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,412
Field and office support (note 14)	2,548	0	7,780	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,328
Filing and assessments	4,839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,839
Geological	148,475	2,100	104,061	91,592	100,758	14,959	37,474	11,592	15,454	526,465
Geophysical survey	0	0	38,069	337	336	336	336	336	337	40,087
Legal fees (note 14)	123,907	1,685	2,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	128,092
Management fee (note 14)	33,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33,600
Mapping	0	1,942	8,185	1,250	3,800	0	0	0	0	15,177
Option payments (note 9m and 13)	0	0	61,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	61,250
Qualifying reports	0	4,500	42,378	1,662	4,048	0	0	0	1,589	54,177
Travel and transportation	2,555	0	1,458	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,013
Balance before write-downs	838,077	65,867	278,069	153,300	193,898	24,743	58,075	38,334	31,110	1,681,473
Written down during the year	(193,819)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(193,819)
Deferred exploration expenditure	644,258	65,867	278,069	153,300	193,898	24,743	58,075	38,334	31,110	1,487,654
Balance at September 30, 2008	1,370,062	65,867	278,069	153,300	193,898	24,743	58,075	38,334	31,110	2,213,458

8. Mineral Properties and Deferred Development Expenditures cont'd

a) Big Trout Lake, Ontario

During 1999, the Company acquired a 100% interest in 221 mining claims located in the Patricia Mining Division of northwestern Ontario. By an agreement dated February 24, 1999, the Company acquired these claims from an officer/director in exchange for shares (note 13). The Company has received approval of assessment work filed and these claims are in good standing until the legal proceedings are resolved (note 16c). On February 10, 2006 the Company acquired a 100% unencumbered interest in 81 mining leases, expiring from April 1, 2010 to April 1, 2011, from a joint venture operated by INCO Limited for $162,312 cash and the issuance of $150,000 worth of the Company's common shares (428,751 common shares issued) (notes 9c & 13). The Company has continued the sampling of the existing core to further define the extent of the PGE reef on the property.

b) Muskox Property, Nunavut

In November, 2007, Platinex completed the staking of 38 mining claims totaling 87,058 acres (35,246 ha.) on the Muskox intrusion. The Muskox property is located 30 km south of Kugluktuk and 350 km north of Yellowknife and has been staked to cover a portion of the Muskox layered intrusion. The feature is one of the largest mafic layered intrusions in the world and is prospective for PGE's. The Company recently posted a qualifying report on this property.

c) Shining Tree Property, Ontario

In April 2008, Platinex entered into an option agreement with Skead Holdings Ltd. with respect to certain claims situated in Churchill, MacMurchy and Asquith Townships, in Ontario (the "Shining Tree property"). Platinex has the right to acquire a 100%-interest in the 133 claim units (5,320 acres or 2,153 ha), subject to a 3% NSR, by issuing 250,000 shares of Platinex, by making cash payments (or share equivalent) of $250,000.00 and by incurring property expenditures of $850,000.00 during the ensuing four-year period to April 11, 2012. The Company is currently preparing a qualifying report on the property and has commenced exploration including an airborne geophysical survey, stripping, trenching and till sampling. Subsequent to the quarter end, on October 3, 2008 the technical report was filed on SEDAR.

d) North McFaulds Lake, Ontario

The North McFaulds Lake property staked during the period is located 22 km north of Noront Resources' Eagle One and Eagle Two nickel-copper-PGE discoveries and 30 km southeast of the recent WSR/Metalex Ventures VMS discoveries. This property comprises 609 contiguous claim units covering 9,862 ha (24,360 acres). The property adjoins on the south and east a claim block held by MacDonald Mines and Temex Resources, and on the west blocks held by Noront Resources/Bold Resources option and Renforth Resources. It was staked to cover a layered intrusion coupled with magnetic anomalies which was recently revealed in survey publications by the Ontario government. A strong linear magnetic anomaly coincident with a strong regional gravity anomaly underlies the property.

e) South McFaulds Lake, Ontario

The South McFaulds Lake property staked during the period is located 25 km southwest of Noront Resources' Eagle One and Eagle Two nickel-copper-PGE chromitite discoveries. This property comprises 696 claim units in six blocks covering 11,271 ha (27,840 acres). The property adjoins a block held by MacDonald Mines, Temex and Baltic Resources on the southeast, a claim block held by MacDonald Mines and Temex Resources to the east, and a block held by Noront Resources and MacDonald Mines on the west. James Bay Resources holds blocks of claims within and to the north of the Platinex holdings. Platinex's property staked was to cover a layered intrusion that is coupled with magnetic anomalies and the projected strike extension to the southwest of the host environment for the Noront discoveries; all of which were have been recently revealed in survey publications by the Ontario government. The property is also centred on and inpart marginal to a regional gravity anomaly. A qualifying report was released on this property in the third quarter of fiscal 2008 and an airborne geophysics program is planned to be carried out when funding is available.

8. Mineral Properties and Deferred Development Expenditures cont'd

f) Awkward Lake, Ontario

The Ackward Lake property staked during the period is located 175 km north of Thunder Bay. This property comprises 88 contiguous claim units covering 1,425 ha (3,520 acres). The property adjoins the INCO property on the south and the Cascadia International Resources property on the southwest as with Norton Lake. It was staked to cover the northern portion of the Awkward Lake intrusion which is believed to be the same age and style as the producing Lac des Iles intrusion belonging to North American Palladium Ltd. and contains known nickel-copper-PGE mineralization.

g) Core Zone, Ontario

The Core Zone property staked during the period is located 174 km north of Thunder Bay and to the south of the previously mentioned INCO property. Platinex's property covers 302 claim units comprising 4,891 ha (12,080 acres) and was staked to cover a layered intrusion believed genetically related to the chromium-bearing Puddy Lake ultramafic intrusion. Nickel-copper-PGE mineralization has been found within the area described.

h) Norton Lake, Ontario

The Norton Lake property staked during the period is located 413 km north of Thunder Bay and 50 km northeast of Fort Hope in Ontario. This property comprises 56 claim units for 907 ha (2,240 acres). The property covers a magnetic anomaly to the south and west of a 2.46 million-tonne resource of nickel, copper, cobalt, and palladium held by Cascadia International Resources and East West Resources. Lake sediment anomalies in the area suggest an environment promising for these metals on the Norton Lake prospect.

i) Tib Lake, Ontario

The Tib Lake property staked during the period is located 60 km northwest of Thunder Bay. This property comprises 49 claim units covering 793.5 ha (1960 acres). The property adjoins the Tib Lake property of Houston Lake Resources to the south and was staked to cover the northern portion of the Tib Lake layered intrusion. The intrusion is known to be related to the producing Lac des Iles intrusion and is mineralized on the adjacent property with nickel-copper-PGEs. The Company is currently performing initial till sampling on the property.

9. Capital Stock

a) Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares

b) Issued:

	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at December 31, 2006	14,896,163	$ 3,813,400
Shares issued for cash	10,631,785	3,418,500
Shares issued in exchange for trade debt	313,600	62,720
Share purchase warrants		(1,711,179)
Financing costs of share issue (note 15e)		(380,124)
Tax benefits renounced (note 13)		(556,636)
Balance at December 31, 2007	25,841,548	4,646,681
Shares issued per option agreement (note 9m)	50,000	11,250
Balance at September 30, 2008	25,891,548	$ 4,657,931

c) In February 2006, the Company completed the exchange for debt to acquire the interest in the 81 mining leases (note 8a) for 428,571 common shares at a price of $0.35 per share, for net proceeds of $150,000 (note 13).

d) In December 2006, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 200,000 common shares at a price of $0.15 per share, for net proceeds of $30,000.

e) In December 2006, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 200,000 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.20 per share, for net proceeds of $40,000.

f) In December 2006, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 225,000 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.20 per share for gross proceeds of $45,000. Agents were paid a cash commission of 8% of the gross proceeds plus 22,500 broker warrants exercisable into one non-flow-through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.20 per common share until the expiry date of December 30, 2007.

g) In March 2007, the Company completed the exchange of 313,600 common shares at a price of $0.20 per share for trade debt obligations of $62,720 (note 13 & 14c).

h) In May 2007, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 87,500 common shares at a price of $0.40 per share, for net proceeds of $35,000.

i) On August 8, 2007, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 2,142,668 non-flow through units at a price of $0.30 per unit and 850,000 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.35 per share for gross proceeds of $940,300. Each non-flow through unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will be exercisable into one non-flow through common share at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009. Agents were paid a cash commission of $46,520 plus 68,000 broker warrants exercisable into one non–flow through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009 and 75,733 broker warrants exercisable into one non-flow through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.30 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009.

9. Capital Stock (continued)

j) On August 10, 2007, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 2,142,856 flow-through units at a price of $0.35 per unit for gross proceeds of $750,000. Each flow through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will be exercisable into one non-flow through common share at an exercise price of $0.60 per non-flow through common share until August 10, 2008 and $0.75 per non-flow through common share until the expiry date of August 10, 2009. Agents were paid a cash commission of $75,000 representing 10% of the gross proceeds plus 214,287 broker warrants exercisable into one non-flow-through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 10, 2009 and one additional warrant exercisable into one non-flow through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.60 until August 10, 2008 or at an exercise price of $0.75, if not exercised by August 10, 2008, until the expiry date of August 10, 2009.

k) On August 29, 2007, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 2,878,333 non-flow through units at a price of $0.30 per unit and 820,000 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.35 per share for gross proceeds of $1,150,500. Each non-flow through unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will be exercisable into one non-flow through common share at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009. Agents were paid a cash commission of $98,194 plus 202,667 broker warrants exercisable into one non-flow through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.30 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009 and 65,600 broker warrants exercisable into one non-flow through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009.

l) On October 3, 2007, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 1,119,000 non-flow through units at a price of $0.30 per unit and 591,428 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.35 per share for gross proceeds of $542,700. Each non-flow through unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will be exercisable into one non-flow through common share at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009. Agents were paid 19,000 broker warrants exercisable into one flow-through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.30 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009 and 47,314 broker warrants exercisable into one flow-through common share of the Company at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of August 8, 2009.

m) On April 28, 2008, the Company issued 50,000 common shares with a determined value per share of $0.225 in consideration of the execution of the option agreement with Skead Holdings Ltd. for the Shining Tree property (note 8c) and the granting of the option contained therein.

n) As at September 30, 2008, 577,507 (1,155,014 – December 31, 2007) of the issued shares were held in escrow.

10. Warrants

Summary of warrant activity:

	Number of warrants	September 30, 2008 Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	December 31, 2007 Weighted average Exercise price
Balance, beginning of period	9,189,745	$ 0.43	1,618,863	0.94
Granted, private placements	0	0	9,189,745	0.43
Exercised	0	0	0	0
Expired or cancelled	0	0	(1,618,863)	0.94
Balance, end of period	9,189,745	$ 0.43	9,189,745	0.43

Summary of warrants and broker warrants outstanding at September 30, 2008:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Grant Date Fair Value Of Warrants	Date of Expiry
2,357,143	0.67	$ 413,572	August 10, 2009
6,320,915	0.35	1,201,645	August 8, 2009
297,400	0.30	59,533	August 8, 2009
214,287	0.35	36,429	August 10, 2009
9,189,745		$ 1,711,179	

On November 20, 2007, the company issued 500,000 warrants in trust for the Kitchenuhmaykoosib Inninuwug ("KI") (note 16b). These warrants were issued under a memorandum of understanding which formed part of a declaratory order made by Mr. Justice Smith in his decision of May 22, 2007. The warrants have an exercise price of 40 cents and they expire on November 20, 2009. The warrants vest in four equal installments of 125,000 each whereby one installment vests after the completion of every six test holes in the 24-drill hole program proposed for the Company's Big Trout Lake property. The warrants, and any shares issued upon their exercise, have a four-month hold period which expired on March 21, 2008. Platinex has established a trust fund for KI for which the securities counsel to Platinex will act as trustee. The warrants have been issued to the trustee in trust and they will be released to KI upon request or as directed by the court. As at September 30, 2008, none of the KI warrants have vested.

The warrants granted were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions, quoted at their weighted averages.

	2007	2006
Expected dividend yield	0	0
Expected volatility	100%	70%
Risk free interest rate	4.45%	4.02%
Expected life	2 years	1 year

11. Stock Options

In October 2005, the Company's Board of Directors approved a new stock option plan. Under the terms of the Company's new stock option plan, a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares have been reserved for issuance to the Company's directors, officers, employees and eligible consultants. The new stock option plan was approved by the Company's non participatory shareholders on May 24, 2006.

In December 2005, the Company's Board of Directors granted an option to purchase 240,000 common shares at an option price of $0.50 per share to the Company's investor relations firm, subject to non participatory shareholder approval of the stock option plan as disclosed above.

In 2007, the company granted 1,460,000 options (1,165,000 – 2006, 240,000 of which were granted in 2005 subject to shareholder approval which was obtained on May 24, 2006). The fair value of $469,600 (2006 - $123,000) has been charged to the statement of operations and has been offset to contributed surplus.

Summary of stock option activity:

	September 30, 2008		December 31, 2007	
	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, beginning of period	2,565,000	$ 0.36	1,606,000	$ 0.42
Granted, private placements	0	0	1,460,000	0.33
Exercised	0	0	0	0
Expired or cancelled	0	0	(501,000)	0.50
Balance, end of period	2,565,000	$ 0.36	2,565,000	$ 0.36

As at September 30, 2008, the following stock options were outstanding:

Date of Expiry	Number of Options Exercisable	Number of Options Outstanding	Exercise Price	Grant Date Fair Value of Options Granted
December 1, 2010	240,000	240,000	$ 0.50	$ 21,600
January 25, 2011	805,000	805,000	0.38	96,600
August 8, 2011	60,000	60,000	0.14	5,400
May 14, 2012	60,000	60,000	0.45	20,400
June 18, 2012	160,000	160,000	0.36	44,800
October 16, 2012	1,180,000	1,180,000	0.32	389,400
November 19, 2012	60,000	60,000	0.33	15,000
	2,565,000	2,565,000		$ 593,200

The options granted to employees and non-employees were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions, quoted at their weighted averages.

	2007	2006
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	100%	70%
Risk-free interest rate	4.35%	4.15%
Expected life	5 years	5 years

12. Contributed Surplus

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Balance, beginning of period	$ 732,027	$ 123,600
Stock options granted and vested during the period	0	469,600
Exercise of stock options, reallocation of valuation	0	0
Expiry of warrants, reallocation of valuation	0	138,827
Balance, end of period	$ 732,027	$ 732,027

13. Non-Cash Transactions

During fiscal 1999, the Company acquired mining claims in exchange for 1,600,000 common shares having a value of $0.25 per share. During fiscal 2005, the Company issued 1,953,362 common shares in exchange for trade debt of $488,423. In fiscal 2006, the company issued common shares in exchange for trade debt as described in note 9c. In fiscal 2007, the Company issued common shares in exchange for trade debt as described in note 9g. In April 2008, the Company issued 50,000 shares with a determined value per share of $0.225 in consideration of the execution of the option agreement with Skead Holdings Ltd. for the Shining Tree property (note 8c) and the granting of the option contained therein.

14. Related Parties

a) During the period ended September 30, 2008, the Company paid $198,000 in management and geological fees ($78,000 - 2007) and reimbursed rent and utility costs of $6,000 ($9,000 - 2007) paid to a partnership owned by a director who also acts as the President and CEO of the Company. Of the management and geological fees, $162,600 was allocated to exploration expenditures ($39,000 - 2007) and of the rent, $1,500 was allocated to exploration expenditures ($3,600 – 2007).

b) During the period ended September 30, 2008, the Company paid $24,000 in management fees ($10,000 – 2007) to a company which is owned by a director of the Company.

c) During the period ended September 30, 2008, the Company incurred consulting fees of $121,019 ($104,485 - 2007) paid to a legal firm where one of the firm's partners is a director and Vice-President of the Company. Of the legal fees $34,816 was allocated to exploration expenditures ($90,089 – 2007). During the year ended December 31, 2007, a partner of the legal firm, who is a director of the Company, received 250,000 shares in consideration for outstanding debt by the corporation of $50,000 ($0 – 2006).

d) During the period ended September 30, 2008, the Company incurred management fees of $133,033 ($56,854 – 2007) paid to an officer of the Company.

e) During the period ended September 30, 2008, the Company incurred $0 ($29,500 – 2007) of costs paid to a director of the Company related to the issuance of shares.

f) Included in accounts payable at September 30, 2008 is an amount of $204,185 ($40,203 - 2007) that is due to related parties.

15. Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The basic and diluted loss per share is computed by dividing the loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The conversion of stock options was not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share since the calculation would be anti-dilutive.

16. Contingencies and Commitments

a) Flow-Through Expenditures
As at September 30, 2008, the Company is committed to incur prior to December 31, 2008, on a best efforts basis $0 ($687,683 – 2007) in qualifying Canadian exploration expenditures pursuant to private placements for which flow-through proceeds had been received prior to December 31, 2007 and renounced to subscribers effective as at that date.

b) Shining Tree Property - Option Agreement with Skead Holdings Ltd.
On April 11, 2008, Platinex entered into an option agreement with Skead Holdings Ltd. with respect to certain claims situated in Churchill, MacMurchy and Asquith Townships, in Ontario (the "Shining Tree property"). Platinex has the right to acquire a 100%-interest in the 133 claim units (5,320 acres or 2,153 ha), subject to a 3% NSR, by issuing 250,000 shares of Platinex, by making cash payments (or share equivalent) of $250,000 and by incurring property expenditures of $850,000 during the ensuing four-year period to April 11, 2012 (note 8c).

c) Big Trout Lake Property
For a description of the Big Trout Lake property history, readers should refer to the annual audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

In February 2008, Platinex delivered written notice to the Province of Ontario of its intention to proceed with legal action for recovery from Ontario of damages suffered by Platinex arising from the dispute with KI.

On March 17, 2008, Chief Morris, four council members and one KI employee were sentenced to six months in jail for contempt of Court. The Court held that in order to ensure the supremacy of the rule of law and respect for the administration of justice, a period of incarceration, as opposed to fines, was necessary and appropriate.

In May 2008, Platinex issued a statement of claim to the Province of Ontario for $50 million in general damages and $20 million in special damages in relation to the dispute with KI. The contemnors filed an appeal of their sentences but not of their conviction. The appeal was heard on May 28, 2008 and the contemnors sentences were reduced to time served. Platinex did not oppose the appeal consistent with its opposition to incarceration.

17. Comparative Figures

Certain figures in the comparative financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the basis of presentation used in 2008.

18. Subsequent Events

On October 3, 2008, the Company completed the sale by private placement of 2,300,000 non-flow through units at a price of $0.125 per unit and 1,583,333 flow-through common shares at a price of $0.15 per share for gross proceeds of $525,000. Each non-flow through unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each full warrant will be exercisable into one non-flow through common share at an exercise price of $0.35 per common share until the expiry date of October 3, 2010.